

Geometric Algebra for Impactful Computer Graphics in XR

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&

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 CGI2024





Overview

- *GA as single virtual human enabling simulation framework?*
- *Key enabling R&D projects*
- *Key Innovation projects for social impact*

Midjourney prompt:
"a there and back again hobbit house looking from inside towards outside through the open door, cinematic, atmospheric lighting"

From computer graphics systems to virtual human algorithms to geometric computational models



**VHD++ Development Framework:
Towards Extensible, Component Based VR/AR Simulation Engine
Featuring Advanced Virtual Character Technologies**

Michael Pender¹, George Papagiannakis^{1*}, Tom Møller²,
Nadia Magnenat-Thalmann¹, Daniel Thalmann^{1*}

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Abstract

The paper presents the architecture of the VHD++ virtual development framework that after several years of intensive research, design and development effort has been released and is available in public. The paper discusses the key features that distinguish the framework design and practical implementation of an efficient, flexible and extensible real-time software framework based on the modern 3D game engine design principles. The framework supports researchers and application developers with rapid, component based development of VR/AR scenes featuring advanced virtual character simulation technologies. The discussion covers motivation, main concepts, usage of virtual world, the main architectural and design requirements, design principles and key architectural elements. It concludes with the latest simulation results including overview of existing VHD++ based VR/AR virtual character simulation applications.

1. Introduction: The Demand

The very recent revolutionary advances in computer graphics and in modern virtual character simulation technology put a completely new light on the VR/AR systems and in particular on their latest developments. Immersive virtual worlds, in the computer graphics environment, have become a reality. The quality of virtual worlds has improved significantly over the last few years. The demand for shorter time to market has increased significantly, leading to more complexity being required to create a number of components and simulation data techniques being required under a single interactive, real-time, multi-user application need. This requires the current, rapidly growing interest of both research and industry in advanced, complexity cutting, framework

UNIVERSITÉ DE GENÈVE

Faculté des sciences économiques et sociales
Professeur Nadia Magnenat-Thalmann

Faculté des sciences
Professeur Tom Møller

An Elliptical Eigenvalue Method for Dynamic Virtual Humans in Mixed Reality

présentée à la Faculté des sciences de l'Université de Genève
pour obtenir le grade de Docteur en sciences, mention informatique

Par
Georgios Papagiannakis
de
Cité (2022)

Thèse N° 2793

GENÈVE
Année de reproduction de la Section de physique
2026

Advances in
Applied Clifford Algebras

Preface for Special Issue on Geometric Algebra in Computer Science and Engineering

Detmar Höhlbrandt, Ekkehard Hitzler* and George Papagiannakis

The first workshop on Geometric Algebra in Computer Science and Engineering (GACSE 2002) was held in June 2002 as part of the 31st Annual Computer Science Conference (CSC 2002) in Braunschweig, Germany. The workshop was organized by Detmar Höhlbrandt, Ekkehard Hitzler and George Papagiannakis. It was the first of a series of GACSE workshops and the first of a series of Advances in Applied Clifford Algebras (AACA) in computer graphics, computer vision and related to topics related to computing and theory of AAs.

The applications to computer graphics and computer vision apply Geometric Algebra in a range of literature computer vision, related domains in pose (video) reconstruction of Virtual Humans, gesture recognition, scene animation and in video geometric computer vision and computer animation. Within the broader literature of related to video using Geometric Algebra, the non-commercial Euclidean Geometric Algebra (EGA) is used for motion capture and computer graphics applications.

The organizing topics of this special issue cover a new measurement (shape, an optimized implementation using binary trees, as well as proposals for C++ implementation of Geometric Algebra for the purpose of big data processing. An extension of Clifford Geometric Algebra to Double Clifford Geometric Algebra for modeling quaternions and Dirac, and Dirac-like operators in the mathematical part, together with relations to continuous models and experimental matrix systems, particles, and the general case in Clifford algebras and their applications to computer graphics.

We, the special issue editors, do thank the journal AACA for accepting this special issue into the program, the organizers of CSC for hosting

*Corresponding author. To: hitzler@math.uni-braunschweig.de

Marinos Ioannides
Nadia Magnenat-Thalmann
George Papagiannakis Editors

Mixed Reality and Gamification for Cultural Heritage

Springer

IEEE Computer Graphics and Applications

Volume 42, Number 1
January 2022

Advances in Computer Graphics

19th Computer Graphics International Conference, CG 2022
Virtual Event, September 12-18, 2022
Proceedings

Metaverse: Technologies for Virtual Worlds

Springer

IEEE COMPUTER SOCIETY



Augmenting Human intellect?

STANFORD RESEARCH INSTITUTE
MENLO PARK, CALIFORNIA



Republished in abridged form in *Vistas in Information Handling*, Howerton and Weeks [Editors], Spartan Books, Washington, D.C., 1963, pp. 1-29, titled "A Conceptual Framework for the Augmentation of Man's Intellect."

October 1962

AFOSR-3223

Summary Report

AUGMENTING HUMAN INTELLECT: A CONCEPTUAL FRAMEWORK

Prepared for:

DIRECTOR OF INFORMATION SCIENCES
AIR FORCE OFFICE OF SCIENTIFIC RESEARCH
WASHINGTON 25, D.C.

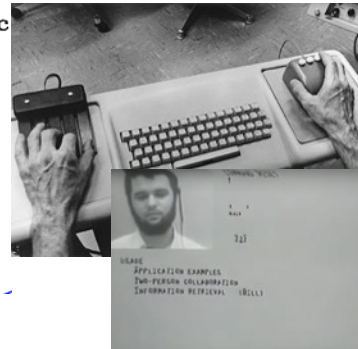
CONTRACT AF 49(638)-1024

By: D. C. Engelbart

SRI Project No. 3578

Let us consider an "augmented" architect at work. He sits at a working station that has a visual display screen some three feet on a side; this is his working surface, and is controlled by a computer (his "clerk") with which he can communicate by means of a small keyboard and various other devices.

He is designing a building. He has already dreamed up several basic layouts and structural forms, and is trying them out on the screen. The surveying data for the layout he is working on now have already been entered, and he has just coaxed the "clerk" to show him a perspective view of the steep hillside building site with the roadway above, symbolic representations of the various trees that are to remain on the lot, and the service tie points for the different utilities. The view occupies the left two-thirds of the screen. With a "pointer," he indicates two points of interest, moves his left hand rapidly over the keyboard, and the distance and elevation between the points indicated appear on the right-hand third of the screen.



Engelbart, Douglas. "Augmenting human intellect: A conceptual framework. Summary report." *Stanford Research Institute, on Contract AF 49, no. 638 (1962): 1024.*

"Mother of all demos": <https://youtu.be/B6rKUf9DWRU>, 1968

Simulating the human brain?

Establishment of a new research program at Cornell Aeronautical Laboratory, Inc. is proposed, with the objective of designing, fabricating, and evaluating an electronic brain model, the photoperceptron. The proposed pilot model will be capable of "learning" responses to ordinary visual patterns, or forms. The system will employ a new theory of memory storage, (the theory of statistical separability), which permits the recognition of complex patterns with an efficiency far greater than that attainable by existing computers. Devices of this sort are expected ultimately to be capable of concept formation, language translation, collation of military intelligence, and the solution of problems through inductive logic.

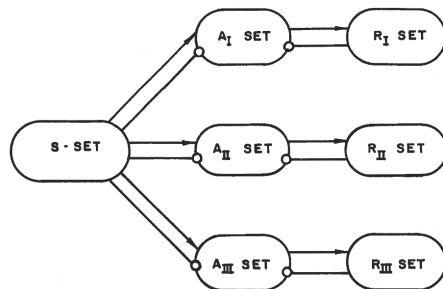
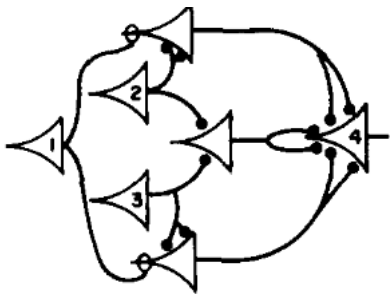


FIGURE 2
ORGANIZATION OF A PERCEPTRON WITH
THREE INDEPENDENT OUTPUT-SETS



CORNELL AERONAUTICAL LABORATORY, INC.
BUFFALO, N. Y.

REPORT NO. 85-460-1

THE PERCEPTRON
A PERCEIVING AND RECOGNIZING AUTOMATON

(PROJECT PARA)

January, 1957

Prepared by: Frank Rosenblatt
Frank Rosenblatt,
Project Engineer

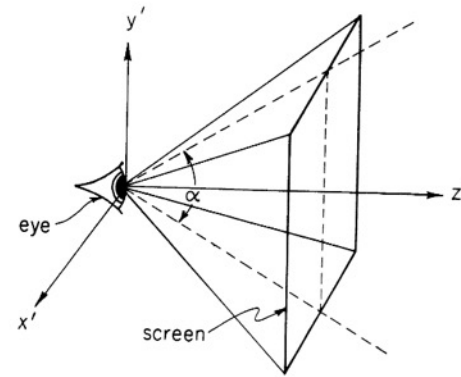
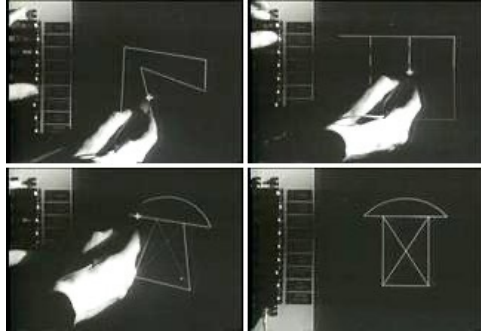
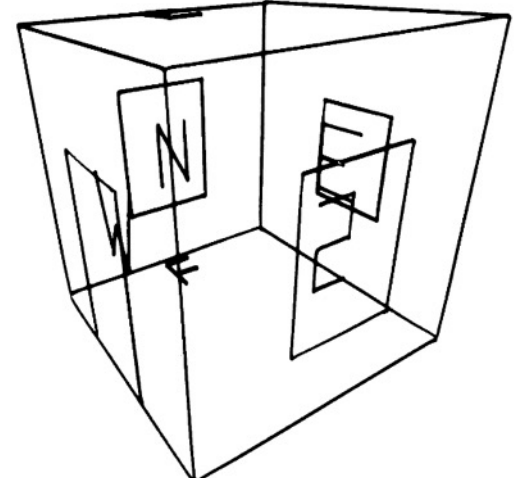
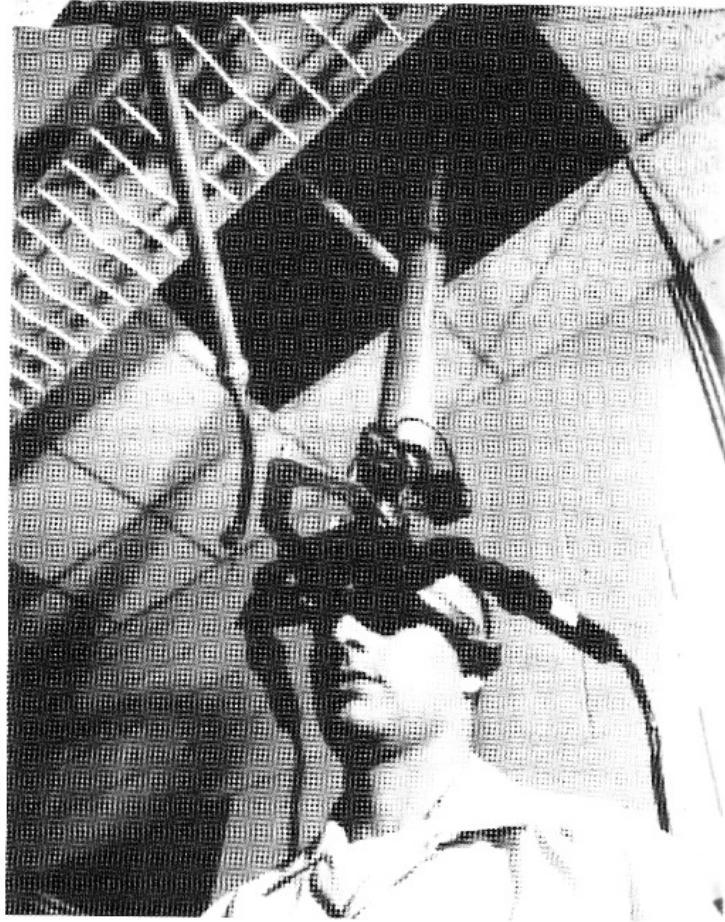
Approved by: Alexander Stieber
Alexander Stieber
Head, Air Defense Section
Systems Research Dept.

Approved by: Robert H. Shatz
Robert H. Shatz, Head
Systems Research Dept.

- F. Rosenblatt, the perceptron - a perceiving and recognizing automaton, 1957

- McCulloch, W. & Pitts, W. A LOGICAL CALCULUS OF THE IDEAS IMMANENT INNERVOUS ACTIVITY. Bulletin of Mathematical Biophysics, Vol. 5, pp. 115-133 (1943)

Head Mounted Displays and natural user interaction?



The sketchpad demo: https://youtu.be/6orsmFndx_o, 1963

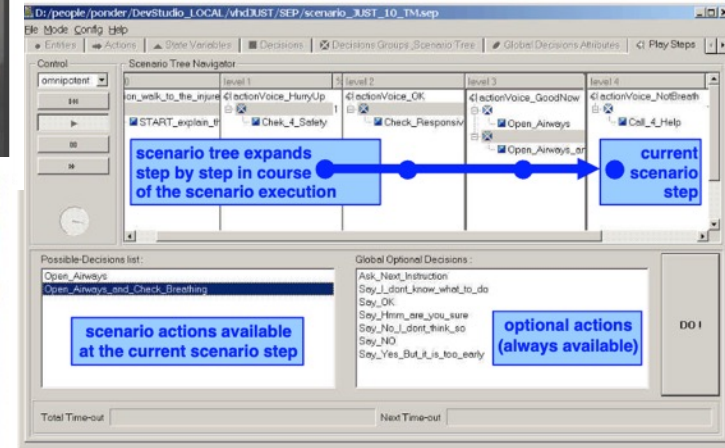
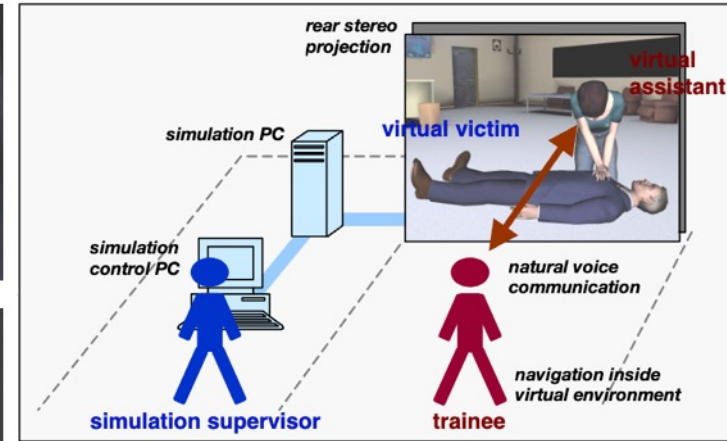
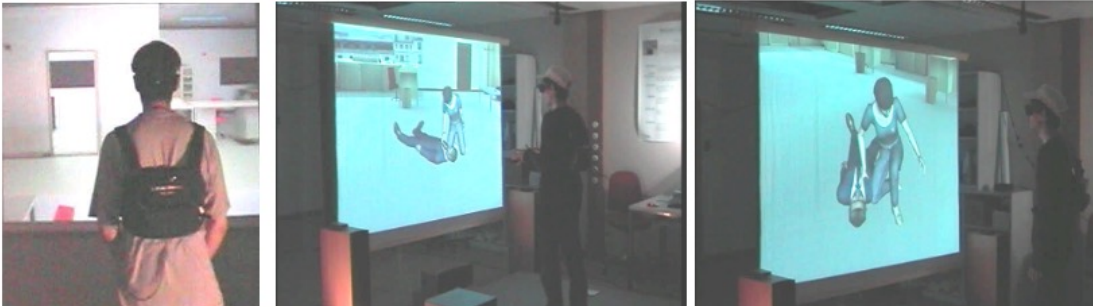
Sutherland, I. E. A head-mounted three dimensional display. *AFIPS Fall Joint Computing Conference* 757-764 (1968)

doi:10.1145/1476589.1476686. <https://youtu.be/eVUgfUvP4uk>

Augmented Reality for education?



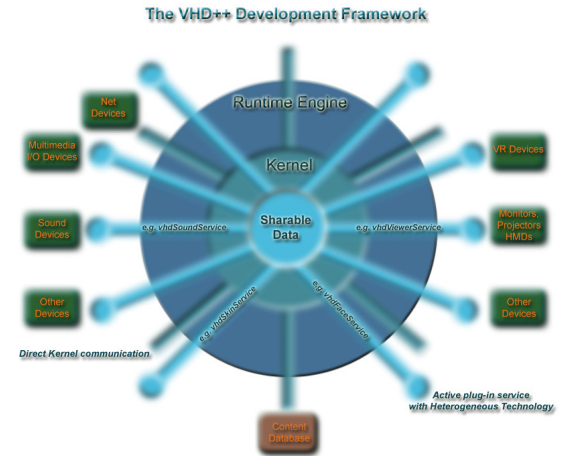
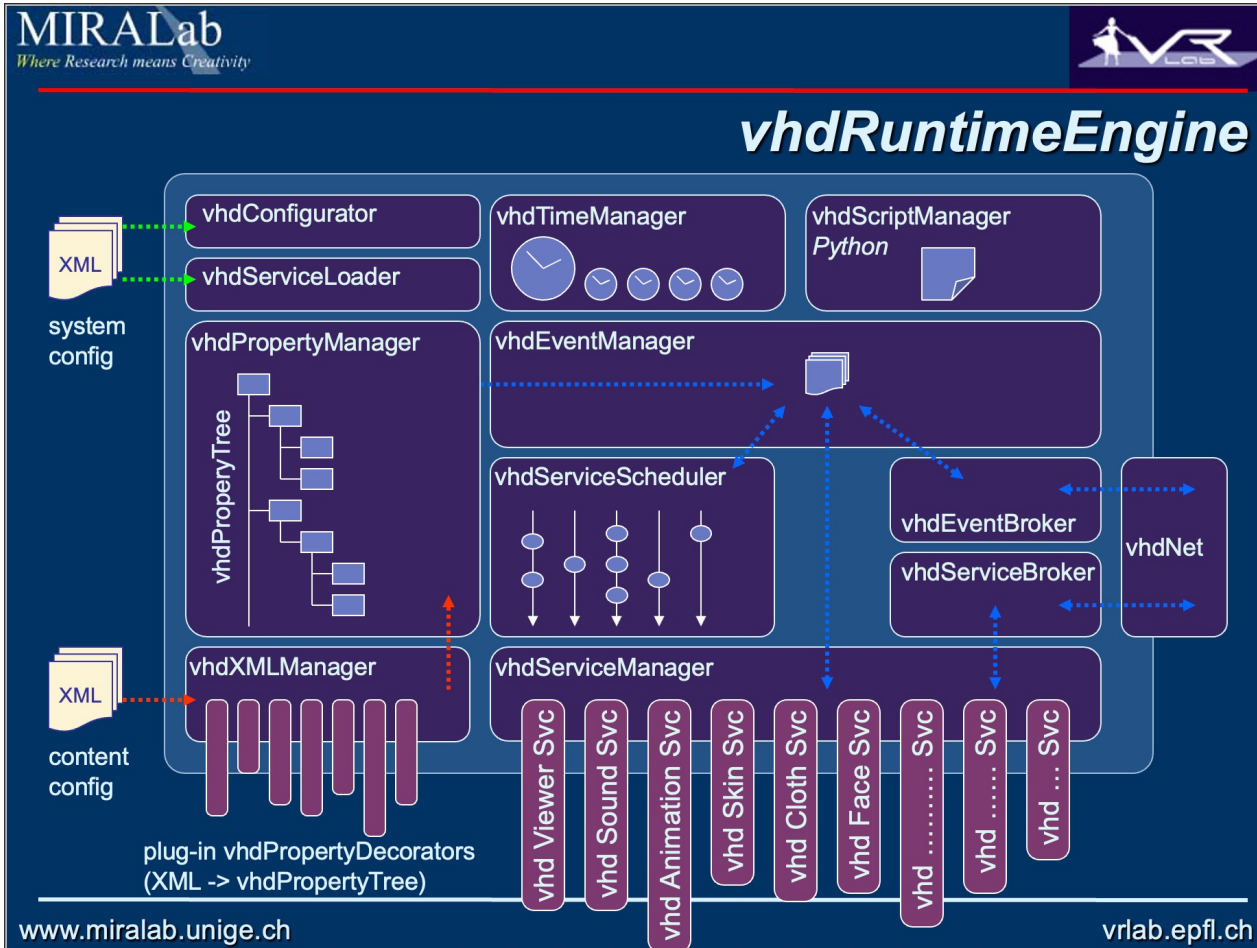
Virtual Reality for medical training?



Michal Ponder, Bruno Herbelin, Tom Molet, Sebastien Schertenlieb, Branislav Ulicny, **George Papagiannakis**, Nadia Magnenat-Thalmann, and Daniel Thalmann. 2003. Immersive VR decision training: telling interactive stories featuring advanced virtual human simulation technologies.

DOI: <https://doi.org/10.1145/769953.769965>

Authoring systems for VR/AR virtual human simulations?



Ponder, M., Papagiannakis, G., Molet, T., Magnenat-Thalmann, N. & Thalmann, D. VHD++ Development Framework: Towards Extendible, Component Based VR/AR Simulation Engine Featuring Advanced Virtual Character Technologies. (Computer Graphics International 2003). doi:10.1109/cgi.2003.1214453.

Geometric Algebra for character animation blending



Figure 1: Comparison between animation blending techniques for skinned characters with variable complexity: a) quaternion linear blending (QLB) and dual-quaternion slerp-based interpolation (DQB) during real-time rigged animation, and b) our faster geometric algebra (GA) rotors in Euclidean 3D space as a first step for further character-simulation related operations and transformations. We employ geometric algebra as a single algebraic framework unifying previous separate linear and (dual) quaternion algebras.

Objectives:

- Develop a novel, integrated framework using geometric algebra (GA) rotors for skinned character animation blending.
- Demonstrate that GA rotors can perform faster and more efficiently than standard quaternion and dual quaternion implementations.

Results:

- GA rotors demonstrated faster computation times and lower memory usage compared to traditional quaternion-based methods.
- Validated the approach through comparative analysis showing GA rotors outperforming quaternion linear blending (QLB) and dual quaternion blending (DQB).

Innovation:

- Introduced the use of Euclidean geometric algebra (GA) rotors as a robust and efficient alternative to traditional quaternion-based animation techniques.

Vertex interpolation example using quaternions expressed as GA rotors:

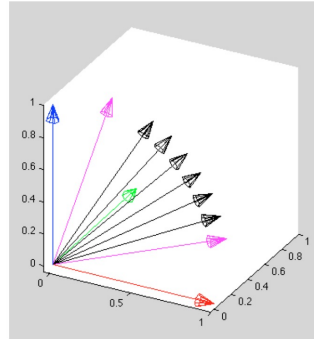
```
clear
clc
clf
p = quaternion(0,0,1,1)% point P above [3.14, 0.7071, 0.7071, 0]
p = p.normalize
q = quaternion.angleAxis(pi/2,[0,1,0]) %rot by axis v=j (Y axis) by 90 degrees
[angle,axis] = AngleAxis(q) % retrieve angle and axis: 1.5708, [0,1,0]
q1 = conj(q) %q-1
p2 = q * p * q1 % P' new point, result is : i+j, thus point is P'(1,1,0)
qInt = slerp(p,p2,0.5) % (0.0) + i(0.40825) + j(.8165) + k(0.40825)

%corresponding code in Geometric Algebra
%point interpolation experiment: P(0,1,1) rot Y(e2), 90 --> P'(1,1,0)
clf
draw(e1,'r');draw(e2,'g');draw(e3,'b')
P=unit(e2+e3)
R=gexp(-i3*e2*pi/2/2)
Rp=R*P/R

% rotor interpolation between two interpolated points|
n=8
Rtot=Rp/P
Rstep = gexp(sLog(Rtot)/n)
Rint = Rstep*P/Rstep

for i=1:n-1
    draw(Rint,'black')
    Rint = Rstep * Rint
end

draw(P,'m')
draw(Rp,'m')
```



Geometric Algebra for character animation in AR

Objectives:

- Develop a fast and robust pipeline for populating mobile augmented reality (AR) scenes with gamified virtual characters using modern mobile devices.
- Integrate advanced character animation and rendering techniques to enhance the realism and interactivity of AR scenes.

Results:

- Successfully implemented a methodology to author AR scenes with life-size, animated virtual characters in less than one minute using smartphones and tablets.
- Achieved efficient and realistic character animation and rendering through the integration of the SmartBody USC framework and a dPRT global illumination algorithm.

Key Findings:

- The use of Geometric Algebra rotors for handling object rotations in AR scenes significantly improves visual quality and avoids issues like Gimbal Lock.

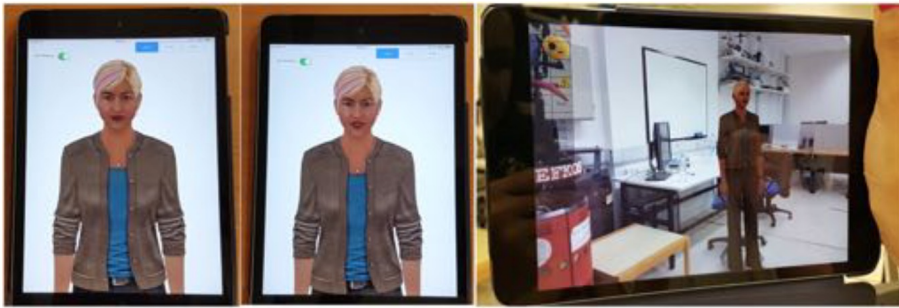
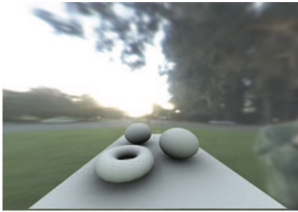
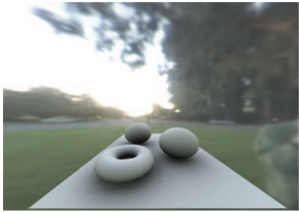
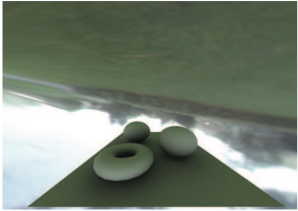
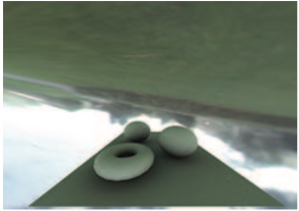


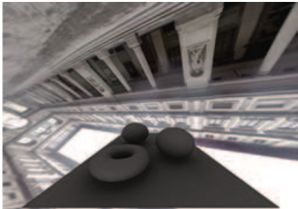
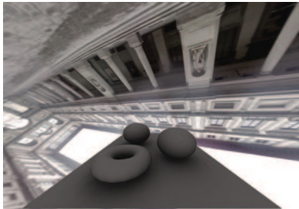


Figure 1: Mobile, AR, life-size gamified virtual characters powered through a fast, automatic animation pipeline with procedural body animation, speech and lip-sync.



Figure 5: Process of Geometric and Photometric AR scene authoring under one minute in outdoors (top) as well as indoors (bottom) environments.

Geometric Algebra for spherical harmonics lighting

Rotation	CGA rotors	Rotation matrices	MSE (%)
$[-0.54, 0, 0.83, 0]$			2.97%
$[0.08, 0.59, 0.11, 0.79]$			2.62%
$[-0.23, -0, 0.97, 0]$			1.52%
$[-0.09, -0.21, 0.41, 0.87]$			4.15%

Objective:

- Extend precomputed radiance transfer (PRT) by representing spherical harmonics (SH) with CGA entities for efficient light rotation.

Results:

- Achieved faster SH rotation performance and reduced memory usage by using CGA rotors instead of traditional rotation matrices.
- Demonstrated superior visual results and lower mean square error compared to Ivancic rotation matrices.

Innovation:

- Introduced the use of conformal geometric algebra (CGA) to represent and rotate spherical harmonics (SH)
- Enabled the representation of SH with CGA rotors (4 numbers) as opposed to 9x9 sparse matrices, significantly reducing memory requirements and computational overhead.

Gamified rendering and animation framework for mobile virtual characters



Fig. 12.5.3 Life-sized AR crowd simulation on mobile device (left) and on FibRum HMD (right) (© by ACM 2016 Reprinted with Permission).

Objectives:

- Develop a robust methodology for authoring life-sized AR/VR virtual characters and crowd simulations using modern mobile devices.

Results:

- Achieved efficient and realistic virtual character animations and crowd simulations in AR environments using mobile devices.
- Implemented a complete AR/VR pipeline, integrating tools like SmartBody for animation and Metaio SDK for markerless SLAM-based tracking.

Innovation:

- Utilized GA and CGA to handle rotations, translations, and dilations of virtual characters, avoiding the need for multiple mathematical representations.
- Compared the performance of different GA code generators (Gaijen, libvsr, Gaalop) to identify the most efficient solutions.

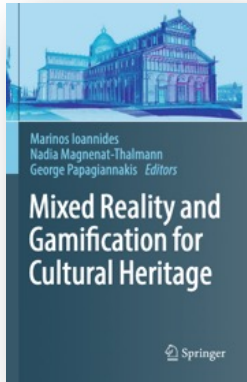


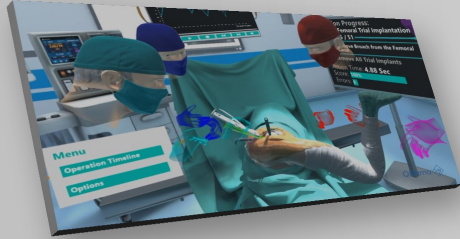
Fig. 12.7.1 Life-sized AR character on mobile device at Asinou church (Figure created by the authors)

NYU Langone Health

NYU Langone Health: One of the largest Healthcare systems in the Northeast



The Effectiveness of VR Surgical Training



NEW YORK UNIVERSITY

“Very nice experience and it will be very fruitful for young surgeons. It’s a great tool and helpful for the training!”

Lazaros A. Poultsides, MD, MSc, PhD,
NYU Medical Associate



THE CHALLENGE

Enhance surgical training for orthopaedic residency.

Clinically validate **VR surgical training** for **psychomotor** skills.
Improve PGY-1 orthopaedic resident **training** using **immersive VR**.
Improve **surgical skills** and knowledge in **Total Hip Arthroplasty**.

THE SOLUTION

Cutting-edge Total Hip Arthroplasty simulation with **MAGES SDK**.

Innovative Total Hip Arthroplasty VR Simulation with **MAGES SDK**.
Cutting-edge collaborative training for **enhanced learning** experience.
Real-time **analytics** and **error detection** for optimal **assessment**.

THE INNOVATION

Revolutionary VR Clinical Trial: **8% Improvement** in PGY-1 Surgical Skills.

Easily **modify** and **extend** simulations with the **MAGES SDK**.
8% improvement in PGY-1 in **just 2 sessions** (*Journal of Arthroplasty*).
NYU and ORamaVR receive prestigious **AAHKS Fare Grant Award**.
First-ever collaborative VR surgical training, connecting 4 reputable Medical schools.

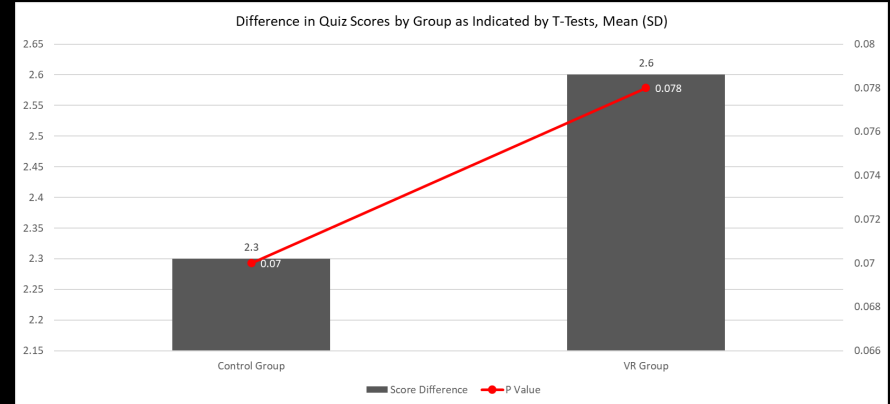
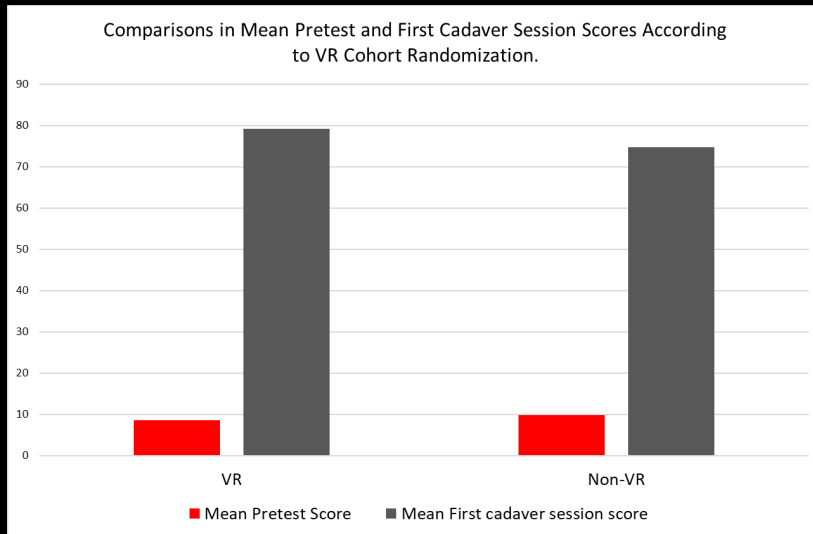
[VIDEO](#) →



Designed in Switzerland

Impact of VR Training on Cadaver Session Scores: A Comparative Analysis

The study found no baseline differences in knowledge or surgical skills between cohorts. However, **VR training significantly improved participants' performance during cadaver sessions by 18 points, leading to better skill development .**



Assessing the Effectiveness of VR Training on Quiz Scores: A Group Comparison

VR training showed positive trend in written quiz performance, suggesting theoretical knowledge acquisition potential. **Further research with larger sample sizes may be needed to establish a significant correlation.**

A grayscale world map is centered in the background. A dark horizontal band is superimposed across the middle of the map, containing the main title text.

FIRST-EVER SHARED COLLABORATIVE ORTHOPAEDIC SURGERY IN VR

Orbima 

[VIDEO →](#)

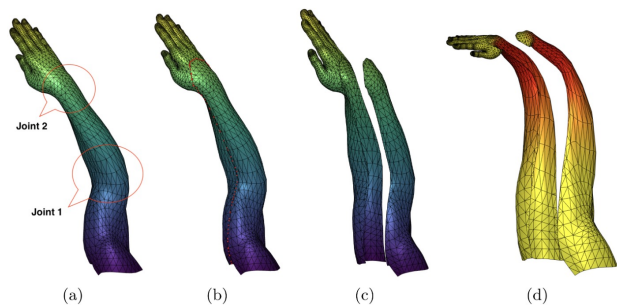


Fig. 2. Cutting module intermediate steps. (a) The original animated model. (b) The model where the (red) intersection points of the cutting plane and the mesh are calculated and re-triangulated. (c) The model after the cut. (d) The model is deformed by a rotation (axis = $(0, 1, 1)$, 0.7 rad), a translation (vector = $(13, 0, 0)$) and a dilation (factor = 0.5) at joint 1 (elbow), as well as another rotation (axis = $(0, 1, 1)$, 0.3 rad) at joint 2 (wrist). Note that minimal artifacts occur in the final result. The vertices in (d) are colored depending on the influence of joint 1 which is mostly deformed. The vertices in (a)–(c) are colored based on their z coordinate. (Color figure online)

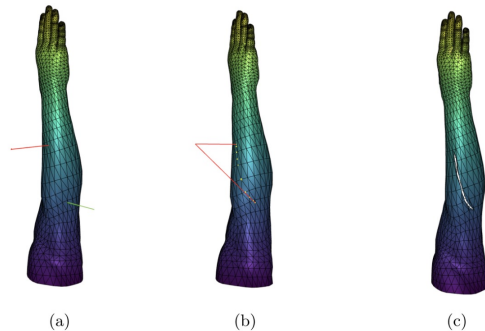


Fig. 3. Tearing module intermediate steps. (a) The original animated model and the scalpel's position at two consecutive time steps. (b) The plane defined by the scalpels (depicted as a red triangle) intersects the skin in the magenta points. (c) The intermediate points are used in the re-triangulation, and are «pushed» away from the cutting plane to form an open tear.

Deform, cut and tear a skinned model using CGA

Objective:

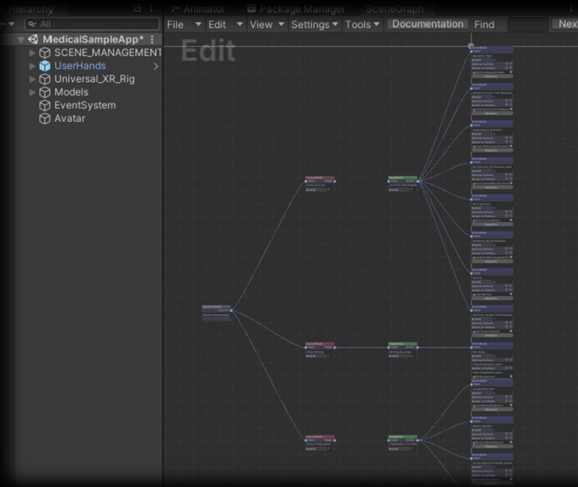
- Develop an integrated rigged character simulation framework using Conformal Geometric Algebra (CGA) to support real-time cuts and tears, maintaining deformation topology.

Results:

- Successfully implemented CGA for real-time character animation, allowing both pre- and post-animation cuts and tears.
- Achieved efficient, accurate deformations with minimal artifacts, validated through comparative analysis with traditional methods.

Innovation:

- Combined model animation and cutting/tearing under a single CGA framework, enabling seamless integration of various transformations.
- Introduced novel algorithms for real-time planar cuts and partial tears on skinned models, facilitating realistic surgical simulations.

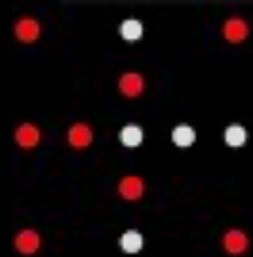


MAGES 4.0 introduces

- Automations in **Actions** development
- VR recorder to capture and replay VR sessions
- Realistic real-time **cut**, **tear** and **drill** algorithms
- AR and mobile (ios) support
- Dissected edge physics engine
- Edge-cloud **remote** visual **rendering**
- Optimized networking layer with collaboration of **AR/VR** devices
- Convolutional **neural network** automatic assessment
- New template applications (open source)

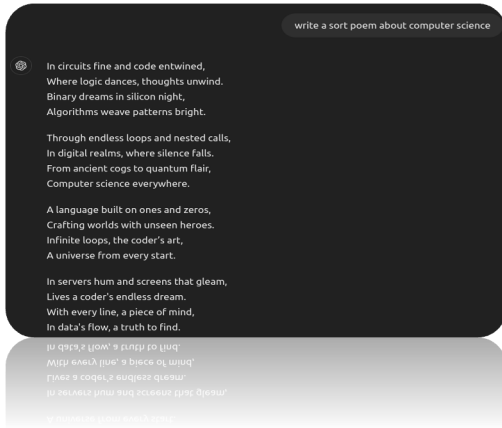


MAGES 4.0



Generative Models and Content Creation

Generative Models have revolutionized content creation

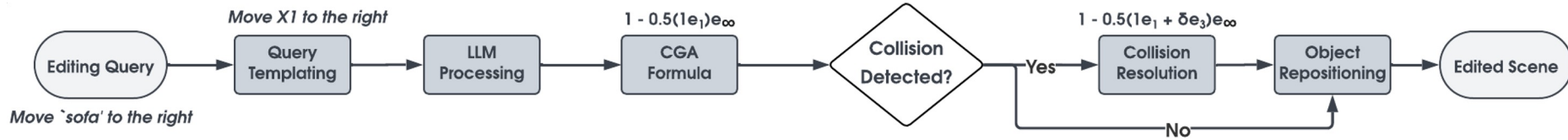


✓ Text-to-text generation

✓ Text-to-image and video generation

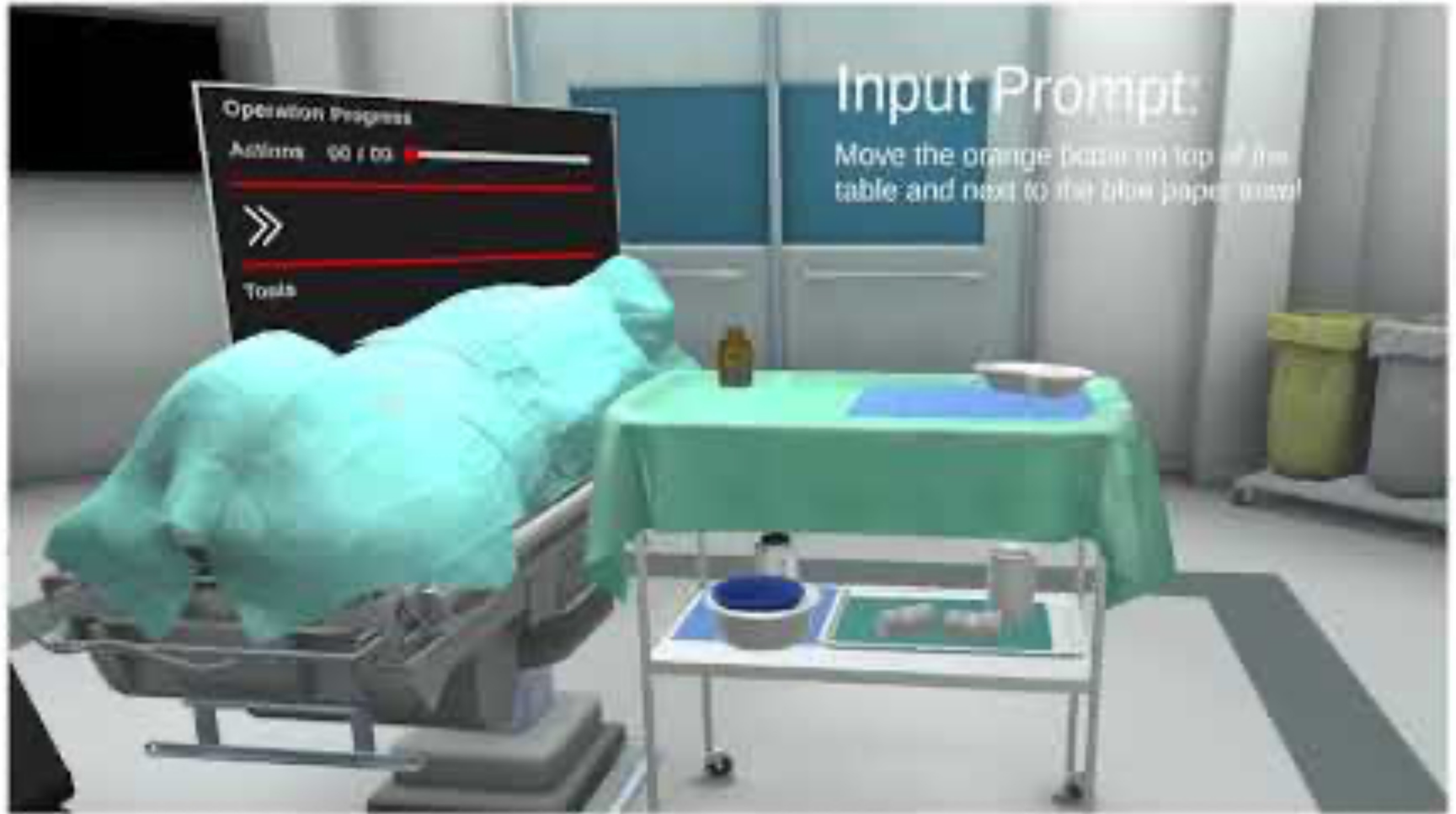
✓ Text-to-music generation

Editing the Generated Scene



1. Convert user **queries** into **templated** forms.
1. Generate Conformal Geometric Algebra transformations $M=TRD$
2. Address potential **collisions** by adjusting transformations

3.1. Qualitative Results - Simple Queries





high fidelity Presence and Interaction: convergence of computer graphics, vision and robotics for improving human- robot and human-computer interaction

Results in Brief


More realistic virtual characters

An EU team extended and consolidated key mathematical techniques for improving the realism of computer-generated characters. In addition, the partnership devised means of improving computer capacities to interpret and respond to human movement.



© Thinkstock

The simulated characters populating virtual worlds, for example in training scenarios, are often unrealistic and unbelievable. Achieving realism (known as 'presence') requires several key advanced graphics technologies.

With EU funding, the project [HIFI-PRINTER](#)  aimed to unite essential high-fidelity

presence technologies, to make computer-generated characters more lifelike and believable. The single-member project ran between April 2011 and March 2014, and was administered under the Seventh Framework Programme (FP7) as part of the Marie Curie Action programme.

Project researchers studied a novel framework, based on geometric algebra, allowing real-time simulation. Unlike previous disjointed techniques, the new method unifies and smoothes various simulation technologies.

Marie-Curie Intra-European Fellowship: HIFI-PRINTER

Objective:

- Develop high-fidelity presence and interaction technologies by integrating computer graphics, vision, and robotics to improve human-robot and human-computer interaction.
- Create a unified, real-time simulation framework using Geometric Algebra (GA) to enhance the realism and effectiveness of virtual and robotic characters.

Results:

- Established a novel mathematical framework based on GA, unifying diverse geometric graphics techniques for seamless application in humanoid robots and virtual characters.

Innovation:

- Developed a GA-based framework that integrates various character simulation technologies, facilitating seamless transitions between virtual and robotic applications.
- Advanced the state-of-the-art by creating a unified framework that avoids disjointed geometric techniques, allowing for more cohesive and realistic simulations.

Hifi-PRINTER (Marie-Curie IEF: 274669, 01/04/2011-30/03/2014): Principal Marie-Curie Research Fellow Scientist, EU contribution: 218,000.00 EUR



Initial Training Networks for Digital Cultural Heritage: Projecting our Past to the Future

Results in Brief

New ways of preserving Europe's cultural heritage

The EU-funded ITN-DCH project has used innovative modern technologies to capture and digitise Europe's diverse and unique cultural heritage.



SOCIETY



© Izabela Miszczak, Shutterstock

Cultural heritage is the cornerstone of European history. From the tangible to the intangible and including books, images, paintings, maps, artefacts, sites, uniforms, music, folklore and theatre, cultural heritage is everywhere. As a result of its ubiquity, cultural heritage is not only important for the creation of a common European identity, but also for the continent's social and economic development.

Objective:

- Utilize innovative modern technologies to capture and digitize Europe's diverse and unique cultural heritage.

Results:

- Developed methodologies for integrating physical and virtual objects, enhancing the usability and reusability of cultural heritage in real-world applications.

Innovation:

- Implemented a comprehensive system covering the entire lifecycle of cultural heritage from capture to presentation.
- Utilized a variety of modern tools (e.g., drones, multispectral devices) for comprehensive data collection and 3D modelling.
- Developed new forms of personalized services mixing physical and virtual objects for educational, tourism, and entertainment applications.

ITN-Digital Cultural Heritage (Marie-Curie ITN 608013, 01/10/2013-01/10/2017): Principal Investigator, EU Contribution: 310,706.00 EUR



Operation Progress:
Session 1: Knee Incision
Actions: 0 / 68

Cut Epidermis

Operation Start
Action Time: 13.98 Sec
Score: 100%
Errors: 0



150+

Years outdated medical
educational residency model:
master - apprentice

10M

Medical professionals'
shortage by 2030

5B

People lack access to
affordable surgical &
anesthesia care according to
WHO

*The Anatomy Lesson of Dr. Nicolaes Tulp, 1632,
Rembrandt, Mauritshuis museum, The Hague,
Netherlands*

OUR MISSION



Accelerate world's transition to medical XR training:

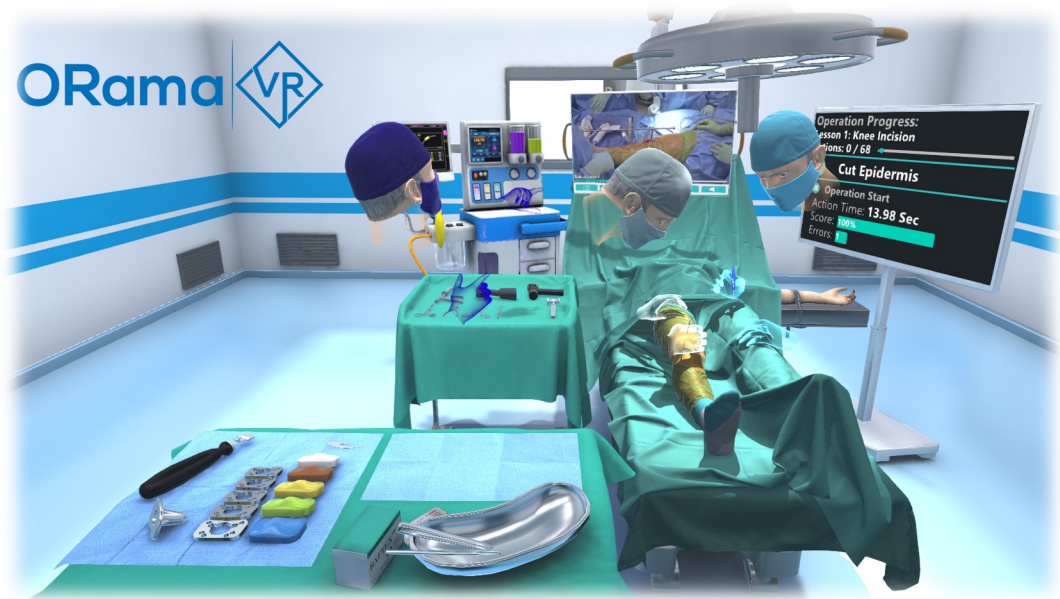
1. Democratize XR content development and access
2. Increase medical XR curricula adoption
3. Increase trainee competency & proficiency



WE HAVE BUILT THE LEADING MEDICAL-XR AUTHORIZING, TRAINING & ASSESSMENT SOFTWARE PLATFORM

The only platform that closes the loop between creation, education and feedback:

- For **Educators**: Create, Record, Publish your medical XR training simulation
- For **Learners**: See, Do, Teach to achieve competency, proficiency, expertise
- Objective **metrics**, performance **analytics** and **AI co-tutors** for all



Verified Solutions Partner



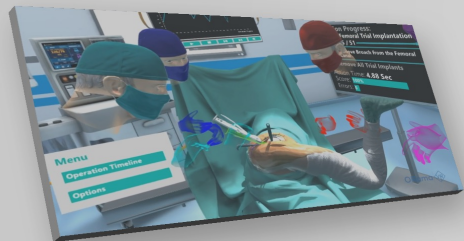
ORama VR



Swiss Accelerator innovation project supported by

Schweizerische Eidgenossenschaft
Confédération suisse
Confederazione Svizzera
Confederaziun svizra
Swiss Confederation
Innosuisse – Swiss Innovation Agency

EIC & INNOSUISSE NRE PROJECTS



Swiss Accelerator innovation project supported by



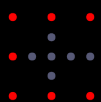
Schweizerische Eidgenossenschaft
Confédération suisse
Confederazione Svizzera
Confederaziun svizra
Swiss Confederation

Innosuisse – Swiss Innovation Agency

European
Innovation
Council

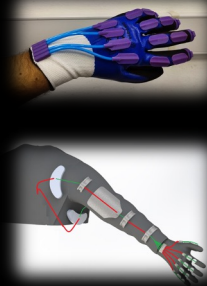


Funded by the
European Union
NextGenerationEU



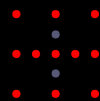
REVIREs-MED

Revolutionary VR Simulation-based
Medical Training Platform,
1.7% success rate for EIC



Physics-based VR simulations with highest-fidelity realism.
Cutting & tearing engine based on **Geometric Algebra** and **Machine Learning**. VR –editor for **automated** Content creation & **editing tools**.
Technical **scale-up**.
Experimental novel haptics glove & jacket.
Validation with **15 medical simulations**.

Total budget: 1.7M
PC: OramaVR



OMEN-E

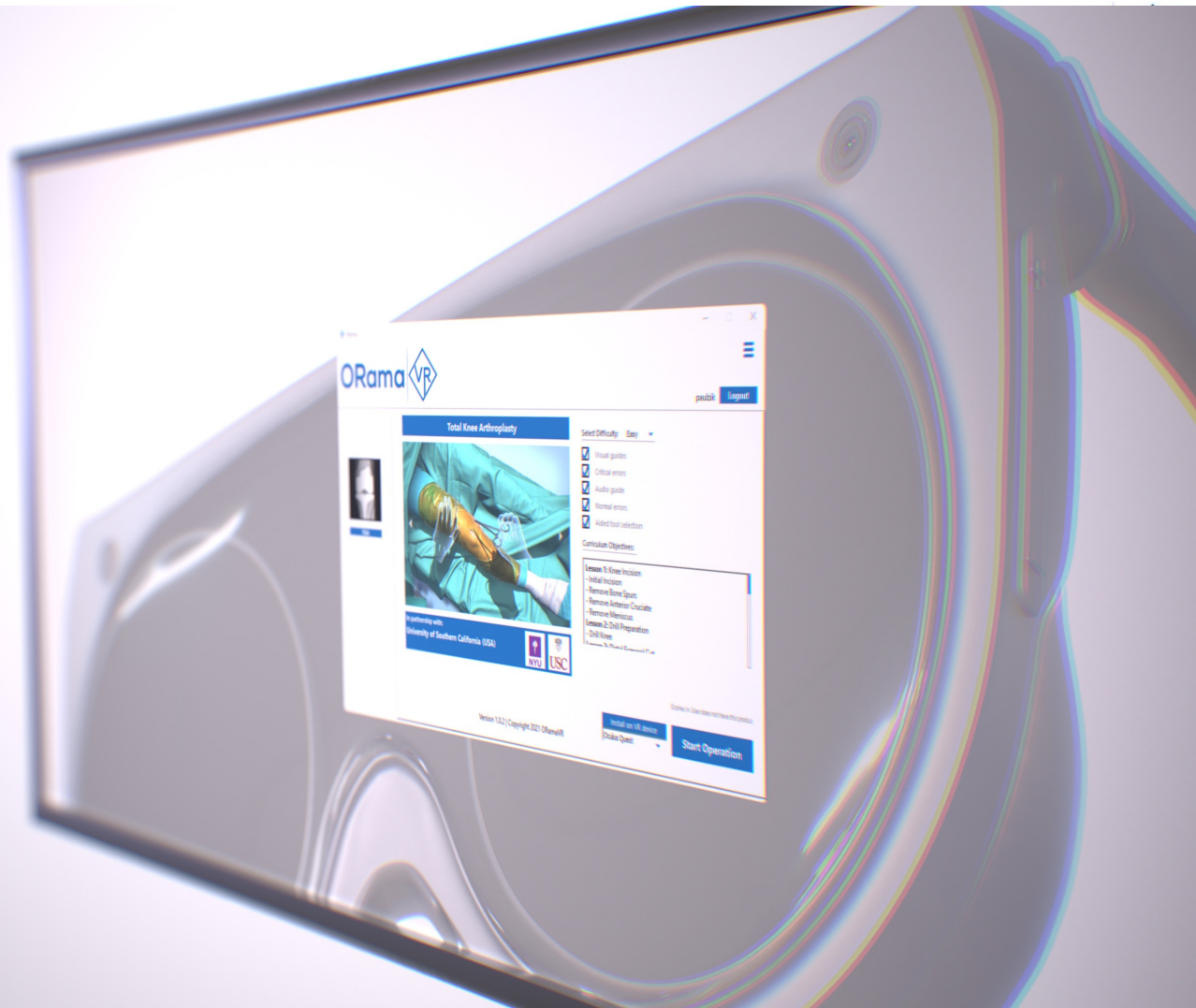
Open Medical Neural metaverse
6% success rate for Innosuisse

Generative AI, no-code Neural authoring platform.
Rich Open Access medical VR training **template simulation Library**.
Always-on sessions in an **Open Metaverse**.

Total budget: 2.4M
PC: OramaVR



Designed in Switzerland



ORama VR

Total Knee Arthroplasty



Partnership with
University of Southern California (USC)

- Select Difficulty: Easy
- Visual guides
 - Critical errors
 - Audio guide
 - Normal errors
 - Alert/Tool selection

Curriculum Objectives:

- Remove TKR Knee Incision
- Remove TKR Incision
- Remove Bone Spacers
- Remove Anterior Cruciate
- Remove Meniscus
- Remove Tibial Preparation
- TKR Knee

Version 1.0.2 | Copyright 2020 ORamaVR

Install on VR device

(Make Quest)

Start Operation

DOES IT WORK?

We have proven that medical XR training facilitates

- a) skills transfer from the virtual world to the real
- b) reduction of medical errors

- **8+** published medical XR clinical trials & pilot studies
- **50+** scientific publications on computational medical XR

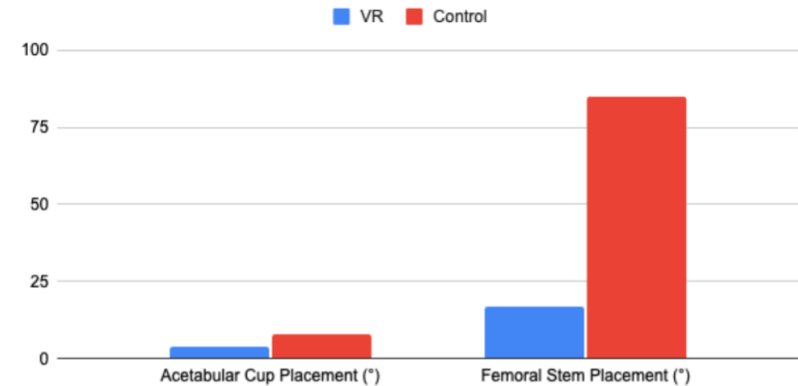


A



B

VR and Control groups in Kenanidis et al 2023



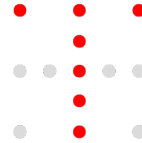
Kenanidis et al 2023, Aristotle University, (N=101), Journal of International Orthopedics, 80% reduction on errors for Femoral Stem Placement and 50% for Acetabular Cup Placement after VR training

OUR PARTNERS – ON TRACK TO BECOMING CATEGORY LEADER



HEALTHCARE INSTITUTIONS

ENSURE **PROPER, CONTINUOUS TRAINING** OF YOUR PERSONNEL, FEWER **MEDICAL ERRORS** AND OPTIMAL PATIENT **OUTCOMES**.



MED-TECH COMPANIES

ENABLE COST-EFFECTIVE, **CONTINUOUS TRAINING** FOR ALL YOUR **MEDICAL DEVICES** IN XR **SIMULATIONS** YOU EASILY CREATE & UPDATE.

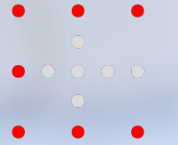


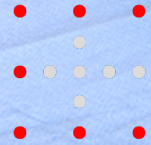
MED XR CONTENT-CREATORS

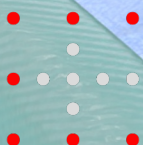
BETTER, FASTER, MORE COST-EFFECTIVE MEDICAL XR CONTENT CREATION FOR ANY **THERAPEUTIC, DIAGNOSTIC OR SURGICAL** OPERATION.



WE'RE ON A FAST (AND EFFICIENT) GROWTH PLAN


168%
 CAGR


9,200+
 CLIENT TRAINING SESSIONS

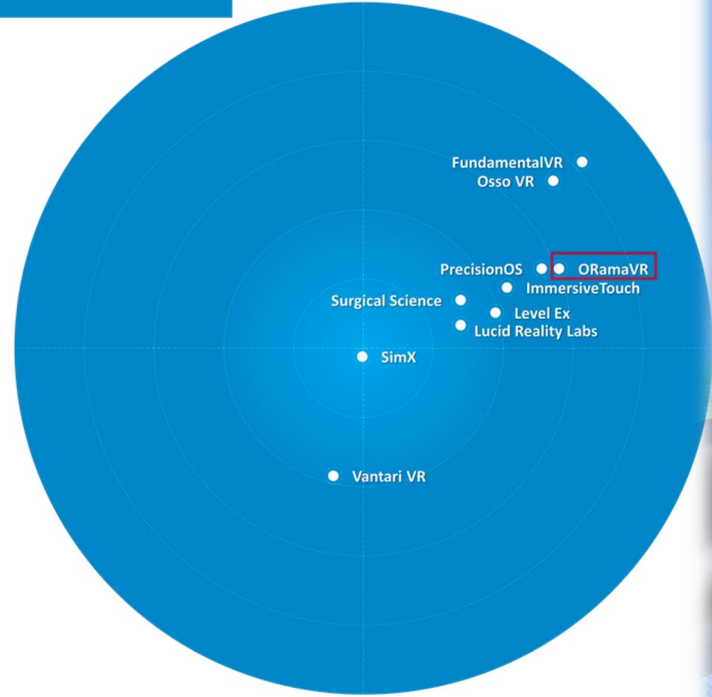

30+
 B2B CLIENTS WORLDWIDE
 10 different countries
 7+ B2B subscribers on SUITE
 10+ medical schools/institutes,
 2+ medical device companies,
 1 surgical training center on SIM
 European Commission,
 Innosuisse on NRE R&D


53 SIMs
 Created so far with MAGES SUITE,
 43 in pipeline

Frost Radar™

FROST RADAR™

GROWTH INDEX ↑



INNOVATION INDEX →

Next steps?

- o Stanford Digital Health Centre
- o genAI Text2XR: neurosymbolic GA and XR
- o Embodied AI: world model vs latent space

Stable Diffusion prompt:
"an explosion of colorful powder"



The scene is set for massive change

- **AI+GA+XR are revolutionizing the field**
- **We still need powerful, GPU-accelerated GA frameworks**
- **Future geometric virtual characters will be generated instead of rendered**



Swiss Accelerator innovation project supported by



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Confédération suisse
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Swiss Confederation

Innosuisse – Swiss Innovation Agency



Funded by the
European Union
NextGenerationEU

Greece 2.0
NATIONAL RECOVERY AND RESILIENCE PLAN

fidal
field trials
beyond 5G.



INDUX-R



Dr. George Papagiannakis
Prof. University of Crete,
Affiliated Researcher at FORTH
Visiting Prof. University of Geneva
&
ORamaVR co-founder, CEO
george@oramavr.com



FORTH

Foundation for Research & Technology - Hellas

ORama 



**UNIVERSITÉ
DE GENÈVE**

*Let's accelerate world's transition to XR
training!*